TOWN OF BARNES BAYFIELD COUNTY, WISCONSIN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of
December 31, 2023
and
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Wisconsin Institute of Certified Public Accountants

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Town Board Town of Barnes Bayfield County, Wisconsin

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Barnes ("Town") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the accompanying table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Barnes as of December 31, 2023, the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended, in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Town of Barnes and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Barnes' ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Barnes' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Barnes' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, amount other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. These financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Baumon Associates, Ital.

Eau Claire, Wisconsin February 07, 2024

TOWN OF BARNES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended December 31, 2023

				D			Net (Expense) Revenues and Change
					n F	Revenues	in Net Position
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:		Expenses	-	Sel vices	-	and Contitionis	retivities
General government	\$	269,995	\$	16,025	\$	- \$	(253,970)
Public safety	Ψ	257,849	Ψ	35,043	Ψ	22,222	(200,584)
Public works		1,082,139		89,641		414,297	(578,201)
Health and human services		5,139		2,850		-	(2,289)
Culture, recreation and education		42,872		_		_	(42,872)
Conservation and Development		120,044		_		60,278	(59,766)
Total governmental activities	\$ _	1,657,994	- - - \$	143,559	-	496,797 \$	(1,137,682)
Community and other							
General receipts:	***						024 000
Property taxes levied for general pu							924,980
Intergovernmental revenue not restr	iciea i	o specific purp	ose				158,748
Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous unallocated revenues							10,542
	5					<u>-</u>	34,663
Total general receipts						\$ _	1,128,933
Change in net assets							(8,749)
Net position - beginning of year							1,112,542
Net position - end of year						\$	1,103,793
Assets:						-	
Cash						_	1,105,024
Total Assets						\$ _	1,105,024
Liabilities:							
Paryoll related withholdings						-	1,231
Total Liabilities						\$	1,231

TOWN OF BARNES

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended December 31, 2023

		General Fund		Total Governmental Funds
Receipts:		1 0/110	_	Turren
Taxes	\$	924,980	\$	924,980
Intergovernmental		655,544		655,544
Regulation and compliance		15,585		15,585
Public charges for services		121,974		121,974
Intergovernmental charges for services		6,000		6,000
Commercial		45,206		45,206
Total receipts	_	1,769,289	_	1,769,289
Disbursements:				
General government		264,652		264,652
Public safety		239,724		239,724
Public works		592,208		592,208
Health and human services		5,139		5,139
Culture, recreation and education		41,226		41,226
Concervation and development		120,044		120,044
Capital outlay		440,530		440,530
Lease payments		47,648		47,648
Debt payments:				
Principal		24,949		24,949
Interest		1,918	_	1,918
Total disbursements	_	1,778,038	_	1,778,038
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over disbursements		(8,749)		(8,749)
Fund balances:				
Unrestricted - assigned		845,274		845,274
Unrestricted - unassigned	<u></u>	258,519	_	258,519
Total fund balance	\$	1,103,793	\$_	1,103,793

TOWN OF BARNES STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN MODIFIED CASH BASIS NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Tax Collection Fund
Cash Receipts	\$	1,669,456
Cash Disbursements	_	1,911,157
Change in Net Assets	_	(241,701)
Net Position - beginning of year		833,122
Net Position - end of year	\$ _	591,421
Assets		
Cash		591,421
Total Assets	\$ _	591,421
Net Position		
Reserved Net Position		591,421
Total Net Position	\$ _	591,421

TOWN OF BARNES GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL Year Ended December 31, 2023

		2023							
	•	Original		Final			1	Variance Positive	
		Budget		Budget		Actual		(Negative)	
Receipts:	•								
Taxes	\$	898,139	\$	898,139	\$	924,980	\$	26,841	
Intergovernmental		661,244		661,244		655,544		(5,700)	
Regulation and compliance		4,550		15,350		15,585		235	
Public charges for services		132,610		132,610		121,974		(10,636)	
Intergovernmental charges for services		6,000		6,000		6,000		-	
Commercial		21,900		21,900		45,206		23,306	
Other Financing Sources		128,000		307,500				(307,500)	
Total receipts	-	1,852,443		2,042,743		1,769,289		(273,454)	
Disbursements:									
General government		257,961		257,961		264,652		(6,691)	
Public safety		320,771		320,771		239,724		81,047	
Public works		548,662		559,263		592,208		(32,945)	
Health and human services		3,684		3,684		5,139		(1,455)	
Culture, recreation and education		28,648		35,248		41,226		(5,978)	
Conservation and development		166,176		166,176		120,044		46,132	
Capital outlay		452,026		625,125		440,530		184,595	
Debt & Lease payments	·=	74,515		74,515		74,515			
Total disbursements	-	1,852,443		2,042,743		1,778,038		264,705	
Excess receipts (disbursements)		-		-		(8,749)		(8,749)	
Cash basis fund balance - January 1	-	1,112,542		1,112,542		1,112,542			
Cash basis fund balance - December 31	\$	1,112,542	\$_	1,112,542	\$_	1,103,793	\$	(8,749)	

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

The financial statements of the Town of Barnes ("Town") have been prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the Town are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Town of Barnes is organized as a local government in Bayfield County, Wisconsin. The Town is governed by a board chairman and four supervisors.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Town are not organized on the basis of funds as would be required to conform with governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. All accounts are maintained and included in these financial statements in the Town's sole major fund, the general fund. The Town also reports the tax collections for the first half of property tax collections as a fiduciary fund, as it is responsible for the collection of these taxes through January 31st each year.

Basis of Presentation

The Town applies restricted resources first when a disbursement is made for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made. The general fund of the Town, its only fund, is reported on the modified cash basis of accounting. Therefore, revenues are recognized when received rather than when earned, and expenditures are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The Town currently has no significant estimates included in the financial statements.

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgets

The Board has the authority to amend the budget, including authorizing additional appropriations. All appropriations lapse at year-end. A reconciliation from the budget basis to the modified cash basis presented in the financial statements is included on the budgetary comparison schedule.

Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

State Statutes permit the Town to invest available cash balances, other than debt service funds, in time deposits of authorized depositories, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency issues, high-grade commercial paper, and the local government pooled investment fund administered by the State Investment Board.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the period in which they are purchased.

Taxes and Assessments

Personal property and real estate taxes are levied in December by the Town Board in conjunction with the adoption of the annual budget for the ensuing fiscal year beginning January 1. Levies are based on assessed values certified on January 1 of the prior year and become a lien on the property at the beginning of the fiscal year. Real estate taxes may be paid in two equal installments due the end of January and July 31. Personal property taxes must be paid in full by the end of January. The Town's Clerk-Treasurer collects taxes for all purposes on properties within the Town through January. Settlement with other taxing entities is made on or about February 15. Bayfield County, within which the Town is located, collects the remaining real estate taxes outstanding. In August the County pays the Town in full for its remaining levy, less the lottery credit, which is paid to the Town in April. The Town retains the responsibility for collection of personal property taxes, subject to chargeback rules promulgated by the WI Department of Revenue for certain unpaid amounts in the following year.

Note 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Statements

Governmental funds:

Equity is classified as fund balance and displayed in five possible components:

- a. Nonspendable Consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Consists of amounts with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed consists of amounts that are imposed by formal action of the Town Board, the government's highest level of decision-making authority. A committed fund balance may be established, modified, or removed only by a majority vote (2/3) of the elected council.
- d. Assigned consists of amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. The Town Board delegates to the Town's Clerk/Treasurer or his/her designee the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Such assignments cannot exceed the available (spendable, unrestricted, uncommitted) fund balance in any particular fund.
- e. Unassigned consists of residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

Date of Management Review

In preparing these financial statements, the Town has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through February 07, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 CASH

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2023, none of the Town's bank balance of \$1,728,452 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for interest bearing and non-interest bearing accounts. Bank accounts and the local government invest pool are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000 per depository. However, due to the relatively small size of the Guarantee Fund in the relationship to the total deposits covered and other legal implications, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual organizations. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk relative to deposits.

In addition to the FDIC insurance and the State Deposit Fund, the Town has obtained additional collateral coverage in the form of pledged securities from Associated Bank in the amount of \$3,180,000 to provide coverage for balances which exceed the FDIC insurance and the State Deposit Guarantee Fund coverage.

Fluctuating cash flows during the year due to tax collections and receipt of state aids may have resulted in temporary balances exceeding insured amounts by substantially higher amounts than reported at the balance sheet date. The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

Note 3 LONG-TERM DEBT

The Wisconsin State Statutes Chapter 67.03 provides that the amount of indebtedness of the Town of Barnes not exceed 5% of the equalized valuation of the taxable property in the Town of Barnes.

Long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

		Balance 1/1/23		Increases	<u>I</u>	Decreases_	_	Balance 12/31/23	_	Amounts due within one year
Governmental activities:		_	_						_	_
Bonds and notes payable:										
General obligation debt										
from direct borrowings										
and direct placements	\$	76,729	\$	-	\$	24,949	\$	51,780	\$	25,569
Total long-term liabilities	\$_	76,729	\$	-	\$	24,949	\$	51,780	\$	25,569

Note 3 LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation bonds and notes payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. Bonds and notes payable will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments.

The purpose of the governmental activities general obligation debt is to finance road improvements.

General obligation debt at December 31, 2023 is comprised of the following:

Туре	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates (%)	Original Indebtedness	Balance Outstanding 12/31/23
State of WI BCPL Trust Fund Loan	10/6/2020	3/15/2025	2.50	\$ 100,000	\$ 51,780
Total general obligation debt Less - Current portion					51,780 (25,569)
Total governmental activities long-	term liabilities				\$ 26,211

Maturities on governmental activities' long-term debt are as follows:

Notes from Direct
Damassings and Dinast

	Borrowing	s and Direct	_	
Year	Principal	Interest	_	Total
2024	25,569	1,298		26,867
2025	26,212	655	_	26,867
Totals	\$ 51,780	\$ 1,953	\$	53,734

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, the total general obligation debt of the Town may not exceed five percent of the equalized value of taxable property within the Town's jurisdiction. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of December 31, 2023 is in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes as follows:

Equalized valuation	\$_	476,598,300
Debt limit 5%/Legal debt margin	\$_	23,829,915

Note 4 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers' compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from that in prior years.

Note 5 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The Town did not have any material violations of legal or contractual provisions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, General Fund expenditures exceeded appropriations in the function listed as follows:

General government	\$ 6,691
Public works	32,945
Health and human services	1,455
Culture, recreation and education	5,978

Note 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION

The Town became a participant in the Wisconsin Retirement System in 2022.

The Wisconsin Retirement System ("WRS") is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

EFT issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Note 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION (Continued)

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Pension Expense

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Town's share of contributions was \$18,749.

Note 7 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

On April 1, 2020, the Town was notified by Bayfield County that a non-metallic mine was not within compliance of state law. The Town was advised that a Notice of Intent will need to be completed for each pit as well as general permits. On February 2, 2021, the Board approved a motion to close the non-metallic mine pit plan. As of February 07, 2024, there have been no estimates of the cost to start the reclamation plan.

On June 28, 2022, the Town entered into an agreement to lease to own a motor grader. The annual payment will be \$47,648 and will be complete as of June 28, 2027.

Note 8 ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE

The following is a list of assigned assets reported the general fund at December 31, 2023:

		Assigned	Assigned
		Assets	Net Position
Money market savings	\$	533,985	\$ 533,985
Highway sinking fund		47,682	47,682
Emergency services sinking fund		143,310	143,310
Emergency fire services sinking fun-	d	5,708	5,708
Parks & recreation sinking fund		7,080	7,080
Tomahawk lake park fund		11,661	11,661
Well water donations fund		6,924	6,924
WI EMS FAP fund - equipment		1,123	1,123
EMS FAP fund - training		6,210	6,210
Bridges maintenance fund		12,041	12,041
Waterways maintenance fund		10,034	10,034
AMB billing escrow		1,000	1,000
A.I.S. sinking fund		24,755	24,755
Area development fund		19,687	19,687
Paypal checking		6,470	6,470
Taste of Barnes checking		4,132	4,132
Vatten paddlar event checking		3,472	 3,472
Totals	\$_	845,274	\$ 845,274

Money market savings – used to report resources set aside to fund miscellaneous outlay expenditures in future years.

Sinking funds – used to report resources set aside to fund renewals or replacements for future projects.

Donations fund – used to report resources set aside to fund upgrades or replacements for the Town's well.

Vatten Paddlar – used to report resources set aside to fund the Vatten Paddlar event.

Billing escrow – used to report resources set aside to fund costs of the ambulance service.